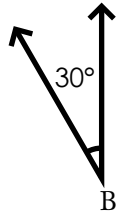
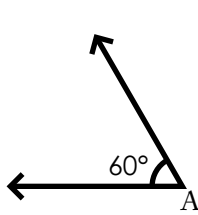


Nume: _____

Unghiuri complementare

Atunci când suma a două unghiuri este egală cu 90° , ele sunt numite **unghiuri complementare**.

Exemplu:



$$\angle A = 60^\circ$$

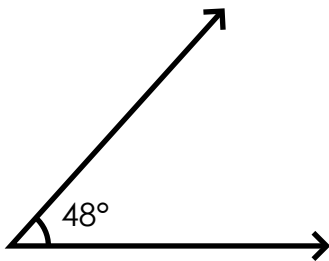
$$\angle B = 30^\circ$$

$$60^\circ + 30^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$\angle A$ și $\angle B$ sunt unghiuri complementare.

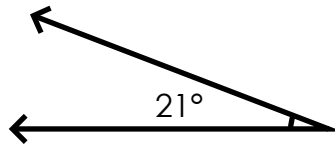
Găsiți complementul fiecărui unghi.

a.



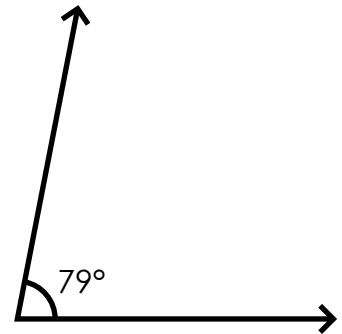
unghiul complementar: _____

b.



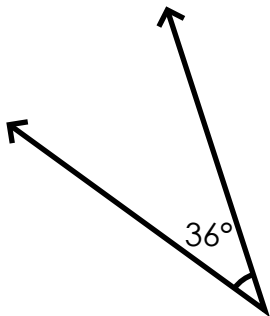
unghiul complementar: _____

c.



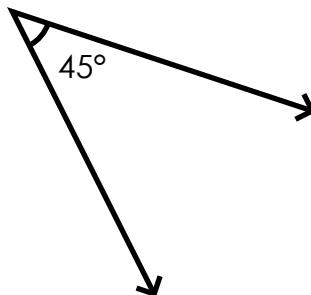
unghiul complementar: _____

d.



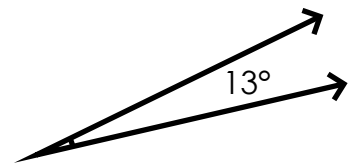
unghiul complementar: _____

e.



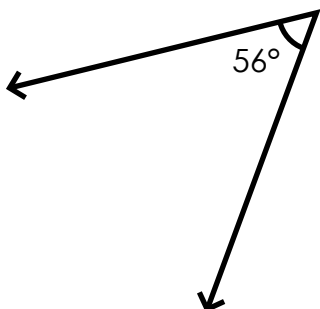
unghiul complementar: _____

f.



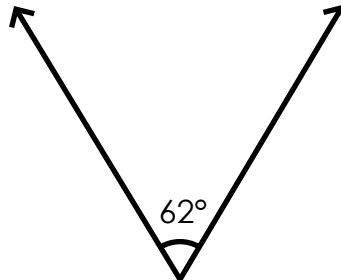
unghiul complementar: _____

g.



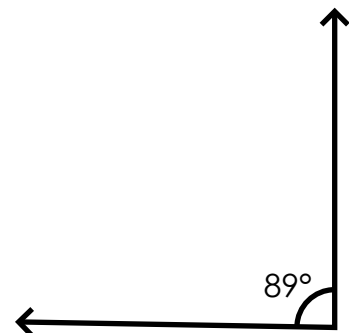
unghiul complementar: _____

h.



unghiul complementar: _____

i.

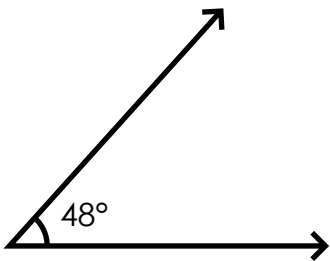


unghiul complementar: _____

Unghiuri complementare

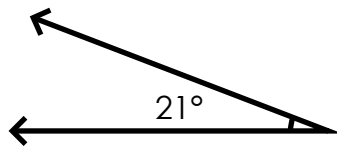
RĂSPUNSURI

a.



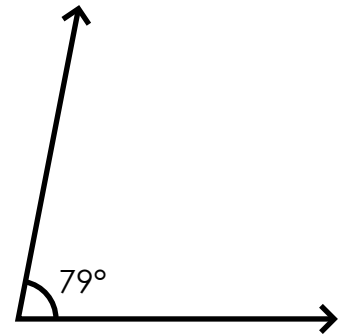
unghiul complementar: 42°

b.



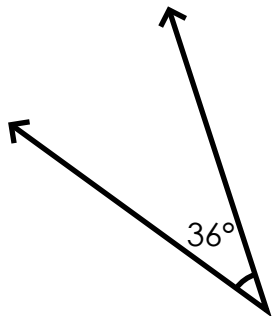
unghiul complementar: 69°

c.



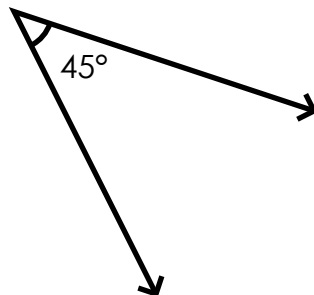
unghiul complementar: 11°

d.



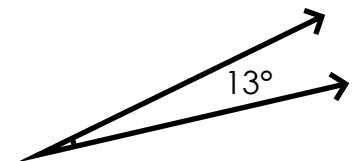
unghiul complementar: 54°

e.



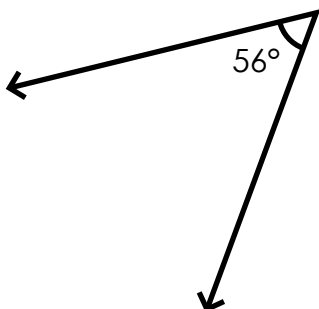
unghiul complementar: 45°

f.



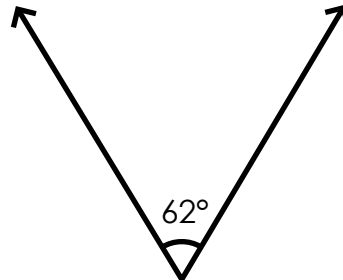
unghiul complementar: 77°

g.



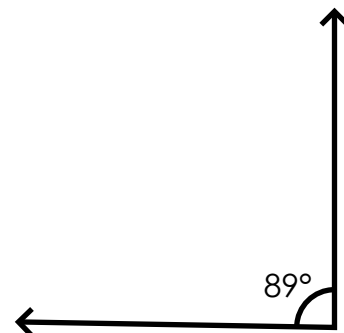
unghiul complementar: 34°

h.



unghiul complementar: 28°

i.



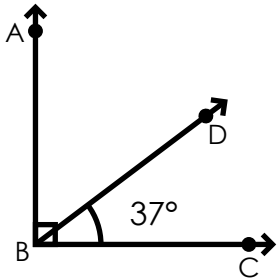
unghiul complementar: 1°

Nume: _____

Unghiuri complementare

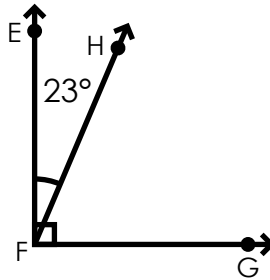
Găsește unghiurile complementare.

a.



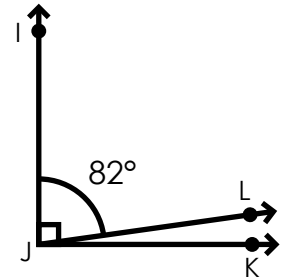
$\angle ABD =$ _____

b.



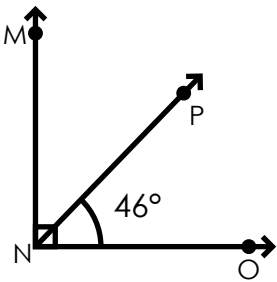
$\angle HFG =$ _____

c.



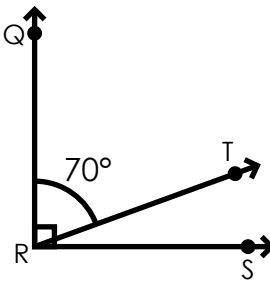
$\angle LJK =$ _____

d.



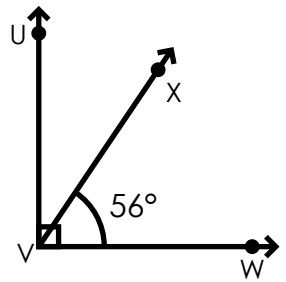
$\angle MNP =$ _____

e.



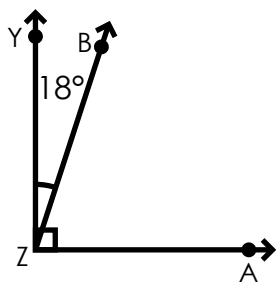
$\angle TRS =$ _____

f.



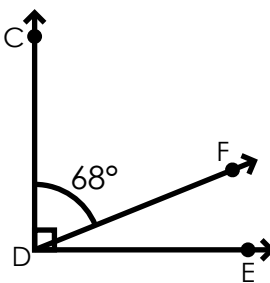
$\angle UVX =$ _____

g.



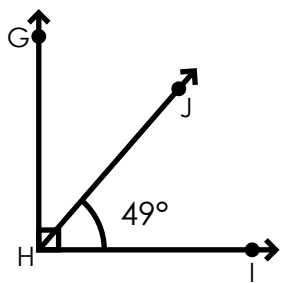
$\angle BZA =$ _____

h.



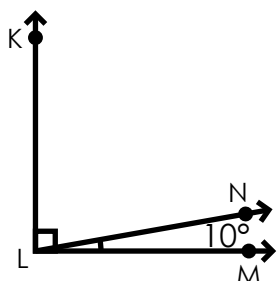
$\angle FDE =$ _____

i.



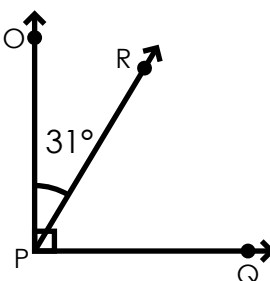
$\angle GHJ =$ _____

j.



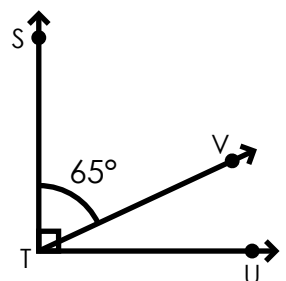
$\angle KLN =$ _____

k.



\angle _____

l.



\angle _____